

Fortinet.NSE7\_ADA-6.3.,by.Vicy.18q

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**Exam Code:** NSE7\_ADA-6.3

**Exam Name:** Fortinet NSE 7 - Advanced Analytics 6.3

Exam A

QUESTION 1

- Which two statements about the maximum device limit on FortiSIEM are true? (Choose two.)
- A. The device limit is defined per customer and every customer is assigned a fixed number of device limit by the service provider.
  - B. The device limit is only applicable to enterprise edition.
  - C. The device limit is based on the license type that was purchased from Fortinet.
  - D. The device limit is defined for the whole system and is shared by every customer on a service provider edition.

Correct Answer: B, C

Section:

Explanation:

The device limit is a feature of the enterprise edition of FortiSIEM that restricts the number of devices that can be added to the system based on the license type. The device limit does not apply to the service provider edition, which allows unlimited devices per customer. The device limit is determined by the license type that was purchased from Fortinet, such as 100 devices, 500 devices, or unlimited devices.

QUESTION 2

Refer to the exhibit.

Edit SubPattern

Name: DomainAcctLockout

Filters:

Paren	Attribute	Operator	Value	Paren	Next	Row
<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>	Event Type	IN	EventTypes: Domain Account Locked	<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>	AND	<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>
<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>	Reporting IP	IN	Applications: Domain Controller	<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>	AND	<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>

Aggregate:

Paren	Attribute	Operator	Value	Paren	Next	Row
<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>	COUNT(Matched Events)	>=	1	<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>	AND	<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>

Group By:

Attribute	Row	Move
Reporting Device	<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>	<div><div>↑</div><div>↓</div></div>
Reporting IP	<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>	<div><div>↑</div><div>↓</div></div>
User	<div><div>+</div><div>-</div></div>	<div><div>↑</div><div>↓</div></div>

- Which statement about the rule filters events shown in the exhibit is true?
- A. The rule filters events with an event type that belong to the Domain Account Locked CMDB group or a reporting IP that belong to the Domain Controller applications group.
  - B. The rule filters events with an event type that belong to the Domain Account Locked CMDB group and a reporting IP that belong to the Domain Controller applications group.
  - C. The rule filters events with an event type that belong to the Domain Account Locked CMDB group and a user that belongs to the Domain Controller applications group.

D. The rule filters events with an event type that equals Domain Account Locked and a reporting IP that equals Domain Controller applications.

**Correct Answer: B**

**Section:**

**Explanation:**

The rule filters events with an event type that belong to the Domain Account Locked CMDB group and a reporting IP that belong to the Domain Controller applications group. This means that only events that have both criteria met will be processed by this rule. The event type and reporting IP are joined by an AND operator, which requires both conditions to be true.

**QUESTION 3**

Refer to the exhibit.

0

Routers

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Firewalls

1

Windows

1

Unix

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ESX

0

AWS

0

Azure

CMDB > Devices

New

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Name	IP	Device Type	Status	Discovered	Method	Agent Policy	Agent Status	Monitor Status	Event Status
FORTIBANK_DC	10.10.2.63	Windows Server	Pending	Oct 28, 2021, 3:02:21 PM	WMI, PING			Normal	
FortiBank_Collector	10.10.2.64	Generic Unix	Pending	Oct 28, 2021, 5:48:32 PM	LOG				Normal

**QUESTION 5**

What is Tactic in the MITRE ATT&CK framework?

- A. Tactic is how an attacker plans to execute the attack
- B. Tactic is what an attacker hopes to achieve
- C. Tactic is the tool that the attacker uses to compromise a system
- D. Tactic is a specific implementation of the technique

**Correct Answer: B**

**Section:**

**Explanation:**

Tactic is what an attacker hopes to achieve in the MITRE ATT&CK framework. Tactic is a high-level category of adversary behavior that describes their objective or goal. For example, some tactics are Initial Access, Persistence, Lateral Movement, Exfiltration, etc. Each tactic consists of one or more techniques that describe how an attacker can accomplish that tactic.

**QUESTION 6**

Identify the processes associated with Machine Learning/AI on FortiSIEM. (Choose two.)

- A. phFortInsightAI
- B. phReportMaster
- C. phRuleMaster
- D. phAnomaly
- E. phRuleWorker

**Correct Answer: A, D**

**Section:**

**Explanation:**

The processes associated with Machine Learning/AI on FortiSIEM are phFortInsightAI and phAnomaly. phFortInsightAI is responsible for detecting anomalous user behavior using UEBA (User and Entity Behavior Analytics) techniques. phAnomaly is responsible for detecting anomalous network behavior using NTA (Network Traffic Analysis) techniques.

**QUESTION 7**

Which three statements about phRuleMaster are true? (Choose three.)

- A. phRuleMaster queues up the data being received from the phRuleWorkers into buckets.
- B. phRuleMaster is present on the supervisor and workers.
- C. phRuleMaster is present on the supervisor only
- D. phRuleMaster wakes up to evaluate all the rule data in series, every 30 seconds.
- E. phRuleMaster wakes up to evaluate all the rule data in parallel, every 30 seconds

**Correct Answer: A, B, E**

**Section:**

**Explanation:**

phRuleMaster is a process that performs rule evaluation and incident generation on FortiSIEM. phRuleMaster queues up the data being received from the phRuleWorkers into buckets based on time intervals, such as one minute, five minutes, or ten minutes. phRuleMaster is present on both the supervisor and workers nodes of a FortiSIEM cluster. phRuleMaster wakes up every 30 seconds to evaluate all the rule data in parallel using multiple threads.

**QUESTION 8**

Which three processes are collector processes? (Choose three.)

- A. phAgentManager
- B. phParser
- C. phRuleMaster
- D. phReportMaster
- E. phMonitorAgent

**Correct Answer: B, C, E**

**Section:****Explanation:**

The collector processes are responsible for receiving, parsing, normalizing, correlating, and monitoring events from various sources. The collector processes are phParser, phRuleMaster, and phMonitorAgent.

**QUESTION 9**

Which statement about EPS bursting is true?

- A. FortiSIEM will let you burst up to five times the licensed EPS once during a 24-hour period.
- B. FortiSIEM must be provisioned with ten percent the licensed EPS to handle potential event surges.
- C. FortiSIEM will let you burst up to five times the licensed EPS at any given time, provided it has accumulated enough unused EPS.
- D. FortiSIEM will let you burst up to five times the licensed EPS at any given time, regardless of unused of EPS.

**Correct Answer: C**

**Section:****Explanation:**

FortiSIEM allows EPS bursting to handle event spikes without dropping events or violating the license agreement. EPS bursting means that FortiSIEM will let you burst up to five times the licensed EPS at any given time, provided it has accumulated enough unused EPS from previous time intervals.

**QUESTION 10**

On which disk are the SQLite databases that are used for the baselining stored?

- A. Disk1
- B. Disk4
- C. Disk2
- D. Disk3

**Correct Answer: D**

**Section:****Explanation:**

The SQLite databases that are used for the baselining are stored on Disk3 of the FortiSIEM server. Disk3 is also used for storing raw event data and CMDB data.

**QUESTION 11**

Refer to the exhibit.

Edit SubPattern

Name:

ExcessVPNLoginFailure

Filters:

Paren	Attribute	Operator	Value	Paren	Next	Row
<div>+</div> <div>-</div>	Event Type	IN	EventTypes: VPN Logon Failure	<div>+</div> <div>-</div>	AND	<div>+</div> <div>-</div>

Aggregate:

Paren	Attribute	Operator	Value	Paren	Next	Row
<div>+</div> <div>-</div>	COUNT(Matched Events)	>=	2	<div>+</div> <div>-</div>	AND	<div>+</div> <div>-</div>

Group By:

Attribute	Row	Move
Source IP	<div>+</div> <div>-</div>	<div>↑</div> <div>↓</div>
Reporting Device	<div>+</div> <div>-</div>	<div>↑</div> <div>↓</div>
Reporting IP	<div>+</div> <div>-</div>	<div>↑</div> <div>↓</div>
User	<div>+</div> <div>-</div>	<div>↑</div> <div>↓</div>

The rule evaluates multiple VPN logon failures within a ten-minute window. Consider the following VPN failure events received within a ten-minute window:

```
Reporting IP="1.1.1.1" Source IP="2.2.2.2" Reporting
Device="FortiGate" action="ssl-login-fail" user="Sarah"

Reporting IP="1.1.1.1" Source IP="2.2.2.2" Reporting
Device="FortiGate" action="ssl-login-fail" user="John"

Reporting IP="1.1.1.3" Source IP="2.2.2.2" Reporting
Device="FortiGate2" action="ssl-login-fail" user="Tom"

Reporting IP="1.1.1.3" Source IP="2.2.2.2" Reporting
Device="FortiGate2" action="ssl-login-fail" user="John"

Reporting IP="1.1.1.3" Source IP="2.2.2.2" Reporting
Device="FortiGate2" action="ssl-login-fail" user="Sarah"

Reporting IP="1.1.1.1" Source IP="2.2.2.2" Reporting
Device="FortiGate" action="ssl-login-fail" user="Tom"
```

How many incidents are generated?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 0
- D. 3

**Correct Answer: B**

**Section:**

**Explanation:**

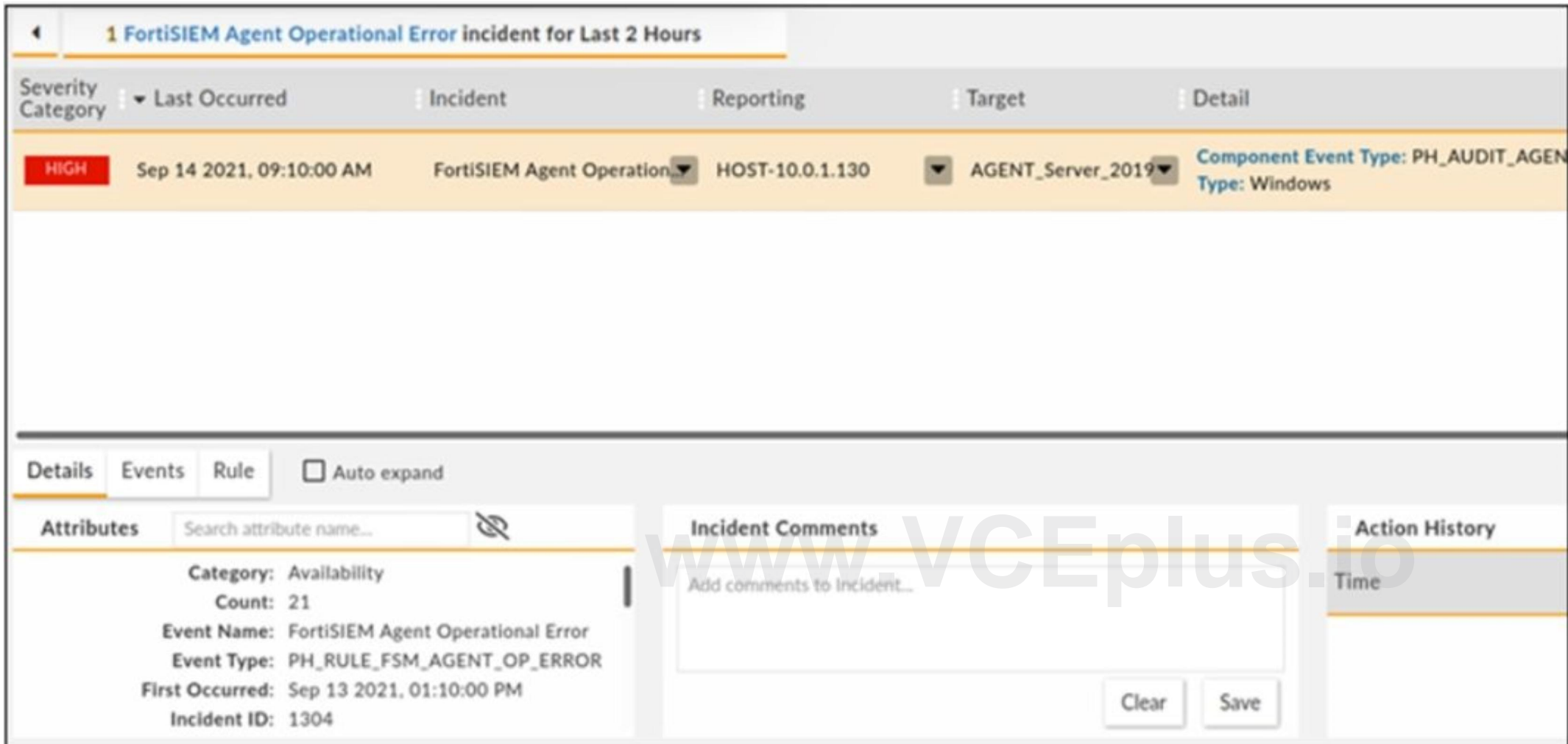
The rule evaluates multiple VPN logon failures within a ten-minute window. The rule will generate an incident if there are more than three VPN logon failures from the same source IP address within a ten-minute window. Based on the VPN failure events received within a ten-minute window, there are two incidents generated:



One incident for source IP address 10.10.10.10, which has four VPN logon failures at 09:01, 09:02, 09:03, and 09:04.  
One incident for source IP address 10.10.10.11, which has four VPN logon failures at 09:06, 09:07, 09:08, and 09:09.

#### QUESTION 12

Refer to the exhibit.



The screenshot displays the FortiSIEM interface for an incident titled "1 FortiSIEM Agent Operational Error incident for Last 2 Hours". The incident is categorized as "HIGH" and occurred on "Sep 14 2021, 09:10:00 AM". The incident details include: "FortiSIEM Agent Operation" as the incident name, "HOST-10.0.1.130" as the target, and "AGENT\_Server\_2019" as the component. The event type is "PH\_AUDIT\_AGEN" and the type is "Windows".

The "Attributes" section shows the following details:

- Category: Availability
- Count: 21
- Event Name: FortiSIEM Agent Operational Error
- Event Type: PH\_RULE\_FSM\_AGENT\_OP\_ERROR
- First Occurred: Sep 13 2021, 01:10:00 PM
- Incident ID: 1304

The "Incident Comments" section contains a text area with the placeholder "Add comments to incident..." and buttons for "Clear" and "Save". The "Action History" section is currently empty.

How long has the UEBA agent been operationally down?

- A. 21 Hours
- B. 9 Hours
- C. 20 Hours
- D. 2 Hours

**Correct Answer: A**

**Section:**

**Explanation:**

The UEBA agent status shows that it has been operationally down for one day and three hours ago (1d3h). This means that it has been down for 24 hours plus three hours, which is equal to 21 hours.

#### QUESTION 13

Refer to the exhibit. Click on the calculator button.

Daily DB	Hour Of Day	Host IP	Host Name	Min CPU Util	AVG CPU Util	Max CPU Util	Std Dev CPU Util	numPoints
	9	1.1.1.1	ServerA	33.50	33.50	33.50	0	1
	10	1.1.1.1	ServerA	37.06	37.06	37.06	0	1
	11	1.1.1.1	ServerA	40.12	40.12	40.12	0	1
	12	1.1.1.1	ServerA	45.96	45.96	45.96	0	1

Profile DB	Hour Of Day	Host IP	Host Name	Min CPU Util	AVG CPU Util	Max CPU Util	Std Dev CPU Util	numPoints
	9	1.1.1.1	ServerA	32.31	32.31	32.31	0	1

The profile database contains CPU utilization values from day one. At midnight on the second day, the CPU utilization values from the daily database will be merged with the profile database. In the profile database, in the Hour of Day column where 9 is the value, what will be the updated minimum, maximum, and average CPU utilization values?

- A. Min CPU Util=32.31, Max CPU Util=33.50 and AVG CPU Util=33.50  
 B. Min CPU Util=32.31, Max CPU Util=33.50 and AVG CPU Util=32.67  
 C. Min CPU Util=32.31, Max CPU Util=32.31 and AVG CPU Util=32.31  
 D. Min CPU Util=33.50, Max CPU Util=33.50 and AVG CPU Util=33.50

**Correct Answer: B**

**Section:**

**Explanation:**

The profile database contains CPU utilization values from day one. At midnight on the second day, the CPU utilization values from the daily database will be merged with the profile database using a weighted average formula:

New value = (Old value x Old weight) + (New value x New weight) / (Old weight + New weight)

The weight is determined by the number of days in each database. In this case, the profile database has one day of data and the daily database has one day of data, so the weight is equal for both databases.

Therefore, the formula simplifies to:

New value = (Old value + New value) / 2

In the profile database, in the Hour of Day column where 9 is the value, the updated minimum, maximum, and average CPU utilization values are:

Min CPU Util = (32.31 + 32.31) / 2 = 32.31 Max CPU Util = (33.50 + 33.50) / 2 = 33.50 AVG CPU Util = (32.67 + 32.67) / 2 = 32.67

**QUESTION 14**

Refer to the exhibit.



PROCESS	UPTIME
phParser	DOWN
phAgentManager	DOWN
phCheckpoint	DOWN
phDiscover	DOWN
phEventPackager	DOWN
phPerfMonitor	DOWN
phEventForwarder	DOWN
phMonitor	13:04
phMonitorAgent	DOWN
Rsyslogd	DOWN

An administrator deploys a new collector for the first time, and notices that all the processes except the phMonitor are down.

How can the administrator bring the processes up?

- A. The administrator needs to run the command `phtools --start all` on the collector.
- B. Rebooting the collector will bring up the processes.
- C. The processes will come up after the collector is registered to the supervisor.
- D. The collector was not deployed properly and must be redeployed.

**Correct Answer: C**

**Section:**

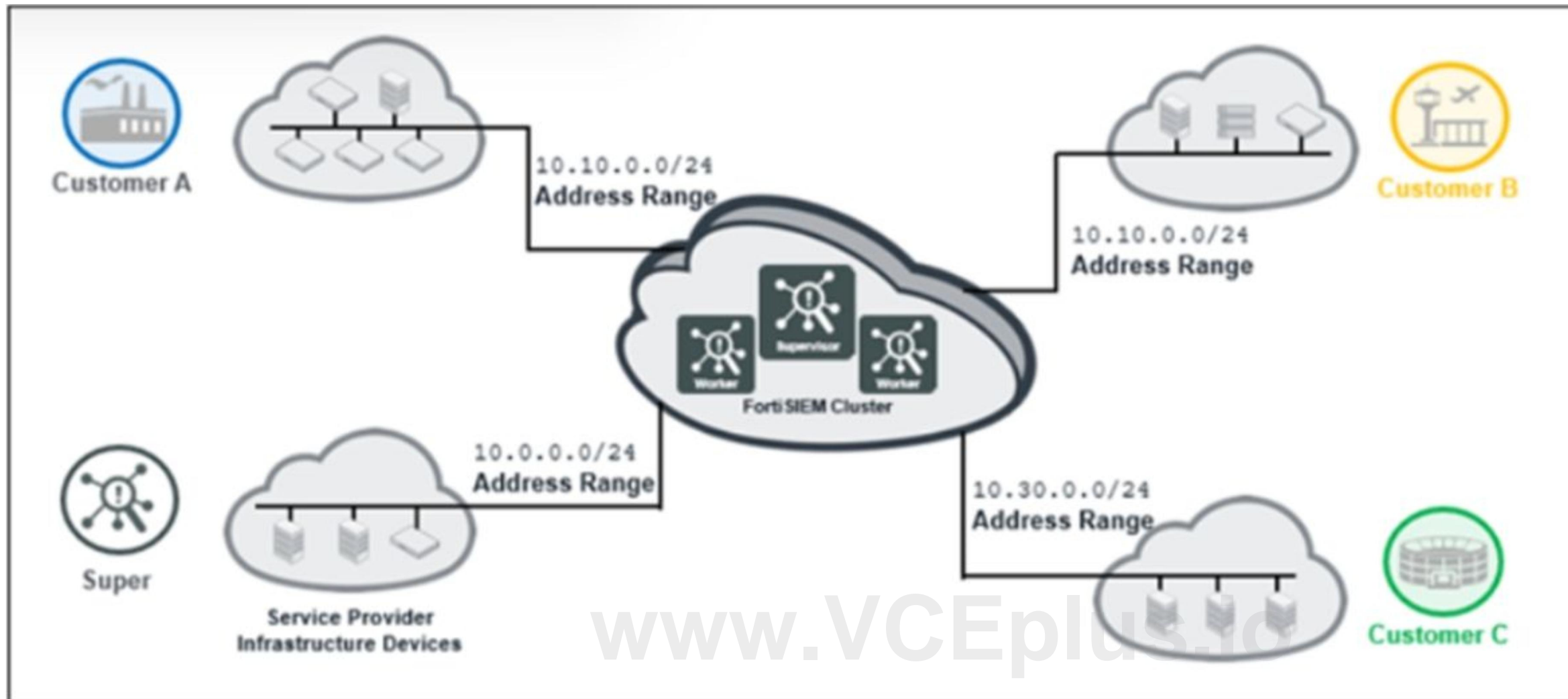
**Explanation:**

The collector processes are dependent on the registration with the supervisor. The phMonitor process is responsible for registering the collector to the supervisor and monitoring the health of other processes. After the registration is successful, the phMonitor will start the other processes on the collector.

**QUESTION 15**

Refer to the exhibit.

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The service provider deployed FortiSIEM without a collector and added three customers on the supervisor.  
What mistake did the administrator make?

- A. Customer A and customer B have overlapping IP addresses.
- B. Collectors must be deployed on all customer premises before they are added to organizations on the supervisor.
- C. The number of workers on the FortiSIEM cluster must match the number of customers added.
- D. At least one collector must be deployed to collect logs from service provider infrastructure devices.

**Correct Answer: A**





**Section:**

**Explanation:**

The mistake that the administrator made is that customer A and customer B have overlapping IP addresses. This will cause confusion and errors in event collection and correlation, as well as CMDB discovery and classification. To avoid this problem, each customer should have a unique IP address range or use NAT to translate their IP addresses.

#### QUESTION 16

Refer to the exhibit.

	Jun 03 2020, 10:47:00 AM	No Ping Response From Server	Auto Cleared
	Jun 02 2020, 05:46:30 PM	Missing specific performance ...	Auto Cleared
	Jun 02 2020, 05:46:30 PM	Missing specific performance ...	Auto Cleared
	Jun 02 2020, 05:46:30 PM	Missing specific performance ...	Auto Cleared

Details	Events	Rule	<input type="checkbox"/> Auto expand
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Clear If:	WITHIN	WITHIN 5 minutes the following conditions are met
	PATTERN	AllPingLossSrv_CLEAR
	WITH	Host IP = AllPingLossSrv_CLEAR.Host IP
	SUCHTHAT	Clear_Condition.Host IP = Original_Rule.Host IP
Incidents:	GENERATE	Severity 10 (HIGH) Incident: PH_RULE_NON_RESPONSIVE_SERV
	WITH	Host IP = AllPingLossSrv.Host IP, Host IP = SystemShutdown.Re
Watch Lists:	UPDATE	Availability Issues
	WITH	Host Name

Why was this incident auto cleared?

- A. Within five minutes the packet loss percentage dropped to a level where the reporting IP is the same as the host IP
- B. The original rule did not trigger within five minutes
- C. Within five minutes, the packet loss percentage dropped to a level where the reporting IP is same as the source IP
- D. Within five minutes, the packet loss percentage dropped to a level where the host IP of the original rule matches the host IP of the clear condition pattern

**Correct Answer: D**

**Section:**

**Explanation:**

The incident was auto cleared because within five minutes, the packet loss percentage dropped to a level where the host IP of the original rule matches the host IP of the clear condition pattern. The clear condition pattern specifies that if there is an event with a packet loss percentage less than or equal to 10% and a host IP that matches any host IP in this incident, then clear this incident.

#### QUESTION 17

From where does the rule engine load the baseline data values?

- A. The profile report
- B. The daily database
- C. The profile database
- D. The memory

**Correct Answer: C**

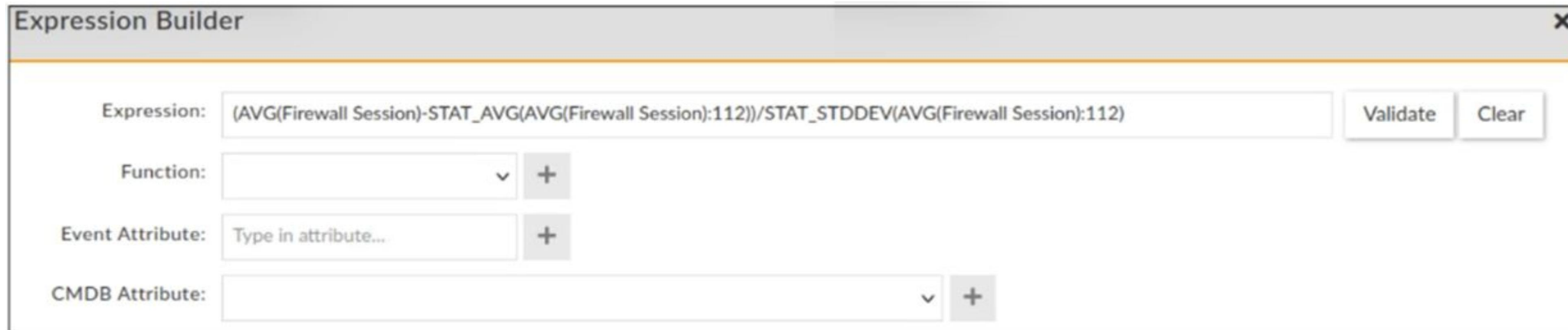
**Section:**

**Explanation:**

The rule engine loads the baseline data values from the profile database. The profile database contains historical data that is used for baselining calculations, such as minimum, maximum, average, standard deviation, and percentile values for various metrics.

**QUESTION 18**

Refer to the exhibit.



The image shows a screenshot of the 'Expression Builder' window. The 'Expression' field contains the formula:  $(AVG(Firewall\ Session) - STAT\_AVG(AVG(Firewall\ Session):112)) / STAT\_STDDEV(AVG(Firewall\ Session):112)$ . To the right of the expression field are 'Validate' and 'Clear' buttons. Below the expression field, there are three rows for building the expression: 'Function' with a dropdown and a '+' button, 'Event Attribute' with a text input 'Type in attribute...' and a '+' button, and 'CMDB Attribute' with a dropdown and a '+' button.

If the Z-score for this rule is greater than or equal to three, what does this mean?

- A. The rate of firewall connection is optimum.
- B. The rate of firewall connection is above the historical average value.
- C. The rate of firewall connection is above the current average value.
- D. The rate of firewall connection is below historical average value.

**Correct Answer: B**

**Section:**

**Explanation:**

If the Z-score for this rule is greater than or equal to three, it means that the rate of firewall connection is above the historical average value. The Z-score is a measure of how many standard deviations a value is away from the mean of a distribution. A Z-score of three or more indicates that the value is significantly higher than the mean, which implies an anomaly or deviation from normal behavior.